

Designer Embodied Carbon (EC) Calculation - Civil & Electrical

Build Table Most Contributing Materials 1%+, Embodied Carbon A1-5

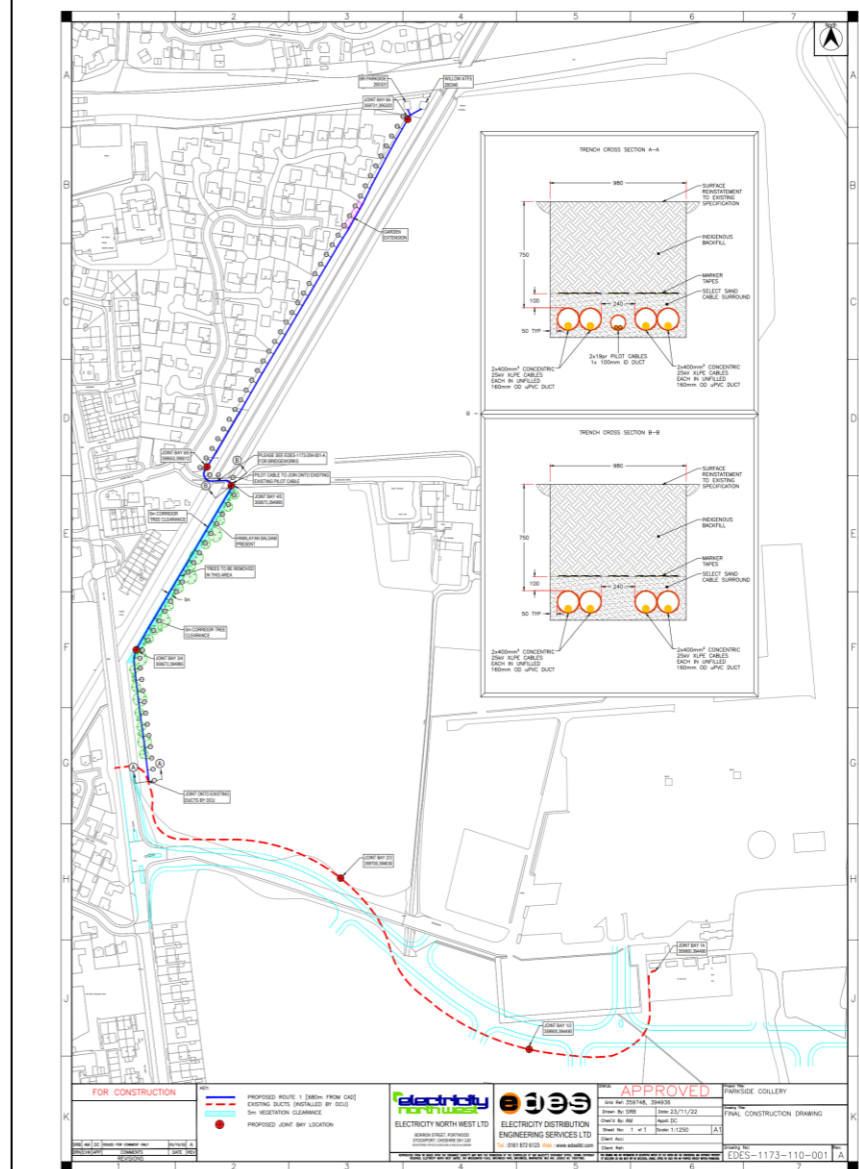
| | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------|
| Project Name: | Parkside | Calculation Date: | 18/09/2024 |
| Project Scope: | 25kV Cable Diversion to Network Rail Feeder Station due to redevelopment of ex Colliery Site. Route Length 680m. | Project Code: | 50019804 |
| Project Embodied Carbon Breakdown and Totals (tCO2e): | | Project Completed in Financial Year: | FY24 |
| Total A1-5w | 138.76 | Estimated Cost of Civil Build(-) (To Estimate A5a) | £202,596.00 |
| A5a | 1.42 | Note: Total A1-5w (CO2e): Type 1&2 + Type 3&4 + Ans | |
| Total A1-5 (CO2e) | 140.18 | Note: Total A1-5(CO2e): Total A1-5w + A5a = Ans | |

| Roadway | CH Start (m) | CH End (m) | PRIVATE ROAD Imported Material (m) | Footpath Imported Material (m) | Road Type 1 | Road Type 2 | Road Type 4 | Verge / Soft Landscape | Total | CROSS SECTION | USIN | Comments |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Woodland Area (Parkside Colliery) | 0 | 288 | | | | | | 288 | 288 | AA | N/A | B-54 - (CH-13m) B-45 (CH-288m) |
| Horizon Park Drive | 288 | 320 | | | | | | 32 | 32 | | 27501983 | |
| Network Rail (Private Road) | 320 | 680 | 360 | | | | | 360 | 360 | B-B | N/A | B-54 - (CH-320m) B-44 - (CH-680m) |
| Total | | | 360 | | | | | 32 | 288 | | | |

| Cable Type & Excavation | Cable/Duct Number | Units values to input in conversion to tonnes cell | Conversion to tonnes | Quantity (t) | ECF kg(CO2e)/kg | | | | Embodied Carbon t(CO2e) | | | | Total EC t(CO2e) | Notes / Comments |
|---|-------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--|------------------|---|
| | | | | | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-5w | | | |
| | | | | | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-5w | | | |
| Asphalt, 8% (Blumen) binder content (by mass) weighted @ 232kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 38.1 | 88.4682 | 0.086 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 7.6082652 | 0.442341 | 0.51106 | 8.561686991 | Binder/ Surface Course layer (Tarmac) | 8.561686991 | |
| Ready mix concrete 32/40, 2350kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 69 | 162.15 | 0.132 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 21.4038 | 0.81075 | 1.33206 | 23.54661225 | Base layer (Concrete) | 23.54661225 | |
| Ready Mix Expanding Foam Concrete weighted @ 4.5kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.188 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Engineering MOT | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 80.7 | 121.05 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.60525 | 0.60525 | 0.17964 | 1.3901362 | Sub - base layer (Aggregate / MOT / DTP) | 2.80129212 | Depth of soil to be calculated @ 50% imported and 50% backfill |
| Aggregate, 1500kg/m3 Note: aggregate density will change per m3 based on type and mm to dust of material. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Sand, 1600kg/m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 76.8 | 122.88 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.6144 | 0.6144 | 0.16236 | 1.41115392 | | | |
| Waste material content, 1m3 = 1.43 tonnes. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 307.3 | 439.439 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 2.197195 | 0.53668 | 2.732871141 | | | | |
| Soil assumed 5% cement content, 1m3 = 1.9 tonnes of clay soil. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 80.7 | 153.33 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 0.78665 | 0.18891 | 0.95355927 | | | | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 200mm dia 4.4kg / m | 0 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Cable Ducts | 23.40153983 | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 150mm dia 3.3kg / m | 4 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 392 | 5.1744 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 16.713312 | 0.025872 | 0.89211 | 17.63129713 | | | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 100mm dia 2.16kg / m | 2 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 392 | 1.69344 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 5.4688112 | 0.0084672 | 0.29196 | 5.770242687 | | | |
| Cable 33kV (New) weighted @ 5.22kg/m | 4 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 392 | 8.18496 | 3.81 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 31.184608 | 0.26191872 | 0.31594 | 31.76255578 | Cables | 31.76255578 | Until manufacturers ECF values are available the ECF value for New Copper is used for Power Cables. 33kV Cable Info used as not available for 25kV. |
| Cable 6.6 / 11kV (New) weighted @ 1.7kg/m | 0 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 3.81 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| A1-5w t(CO2e) | | | | | | | | | | | 93.76011737 | | | |

| Cable Type & Excavation | Cable/Duct Number | Units values to input in conversion to tonnes cell | Conversion to tonnes | Quantity (t) | ECF kg(CO2e)/kg | | | | Embodied Carbon t(CO2e) | | | | Total EC t(CO2e) | Notes / Comments |
|---|-------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--|------------------|---|
| | | | | | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-5w | | | |
| | | | | | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-3 | A4 | A5w | A1-5w | | | |
| Asphalt, 8% (Blumen) binder content (by mass) weighted @ 232kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.086 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Binder/ Surface Course layer (Tarmac) | 0 | |
| Ready mix concrete 32/40, 2350kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.132 | 0.005 | 0.008 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Base layer (Concrete) | 0 | |
| Ready Mix Expanding Foam Concrete weighted @ 4.5kg / m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.188 | 0.005 | 0.011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Engineering MOT | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Sub - base layer (Aggregate / MOT / DTP) | 2.4070464 | Depth of soil to be calculated @ 50% imported and 50% backfill |
| Aggregate, 1500kg/m3 Note: aggregate density will change per m3 based on type and mm to dust of material. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 115.2 | 172.8 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.864 | 0.864 | 0.25644 | 1.9844352 | | | |
| Sand, 1600kg/m3 | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 23 | 36.8 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0.184 | 0.184 | 0.05461 | 0.4226112 | | | |
| Waste material content, 1m3 = 1.43 tonnes. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 79.2 | 113.256 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 0.56626 | 0.13606 | 0.704339094 | | | | |
| Soil assumed 5% cement content, 1m3 = 1.9 tonnes of clay soil. | | Input value in m3 (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 114.4 | 217.36 | 0.005 | 0.001 | 0 | 1.0868 | 0.26496 | 1.35176184 | | | | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 200mm dia 4.4kg / m | 0 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Cable Ducts | 17.19296804 | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 150mm dia 3.3kg / m | 4 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 288 | 3.8016 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 12.279168 | 0.019008 | 0.65943 | 12.95360605 | | | |
| Cable Ducts PVC weighted @ 100mm dia 2.16kg / m | 2 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 288 | 1.24416 | 3.23 | 0.005 | 0.172 | 4.0196368 | 0.0082208 | 0.2145 | 4.239381981 | | | |
| Cable 33kV (New) weighted @ 3.66kg/m | 4 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 288 | 6.01544 | 3.81 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 22.919885 | 0.192503808 | 0.23021 | 23.34469617 | Cables | 23.34469617 | Until manufacturers ECF values are available the ECF value for New Copper is used for Power Cables. 33kV Cable Info used as not available for 25kV. |
| Cable 6.6 / 11kV (New) weighted @ 1.7kg/m | 0 | Input value in meters (in conversion to tonnes) cell | 0 | 0 | 3.81 | 0.032 | 0.039 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| A1-5w t(CO2e) | | | | | | | | | | | 45.00081151 | | | |

Project Photographs / Drawings



Important note: All materials calculated in above sheet, includes only imported materials

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---|--|-----|--------|------|---|------|----|--|------|----|
| Key: | A1-3 | Calculation are based on Embodied Carbon Factors (ECF) to Extract & Manufacture the material Calculated as: Tonnes x ECF kg(CO2e)/kg = Embodied Carbon t(CO2e). Sourced IStructE | Calculating for Cable & Ducts note: When adding in cable lengths in meters, the calculation must include cable numbers for the table to calculate the embodied carbon factor | | | | | | | | | |
| | A4 | Calculation based on kg of CO2e produced by Distance travelled in km, ECF based on: Tonnes x ECF kg(CO2e)/kg = Embodied Carbon t(CO2e). Distances referenced from IStructE. Locally sourced within 50km = 0.005kg(CO2e) Nationally Sourced within 320km = 0.32kg(CO2e) European sourced within 1500km = 0.15kg(CO2e). Sourced IStructE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A5w | Calculation based on the Waste Factor (WF) of Materials. So brick has a waste factor of 20%, Steel 1% etc... Material WF: Material ECF x Distance Travelled + Distance travelled towards material taken to landfill (C2) x CO2 used for processing disposal (C3-4) = A5w / Example, assumed waste of concrete is: 0.653 x (A1-3 x A4 x C2 x C3-4) = A5w : Sourced IStructE | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5a | Typical assumed cost at stage A1-5 of build is 50% so: 700kg(CO2e) per £100,000 so: 0.7 x (cost of build + 100,000) = Ans t(CO2e). Sourced IStructE | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note: | | Please fill in all relevant cells highlighted in GREY - Profile Depths for Type 1&2: layer = 100mm 180mm 210mm 210mm 210mm layer = 200mm (+/-300mm) Waste = Estimate 80% of total Excavated material Profile Depths for Type 3&4: MOT = 275mm Backfill = 275mm Sand layer = 200mm (+/- 300mm) Material Waste = Estimate 80% of total Excavated material | <p>The Embodied Carbon t(CO2e) cells are using a traffic light system to indicate, low high contributing materials. Below this cell in an example of how the colour format works for each material and what they indicate.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Low</td> <td>Medium</td> <td>High</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>12.5</td> <td>25</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>37.5</td> <td>50</td> </tr> </table> <p>Reference note: Calculations & Embodied Carbon factors for materials used in the table are sourced from the BSRIA (ICE) & IStructE: A BSRIA guide: Hammond, G et al., 'Embodied Carbon', The Inventory of Carbon and Energy, (ICE). Embodied Carbon - The Inventory of Carbon and Energy (ICE) (inventoryofcarbonandenergy.co.uk) The Institution of Structural Engineers 'How to calculate embodied carbon'. A brief guide to calculating embodied carbon (istructe.org)</p> | Low | Medium | High | 0 | 12.5 | 25 | | 37.5 | 50 |
| Low | Medium | High | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 12.5 | 25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 37.5 | 50 | | | | | | | | | | |